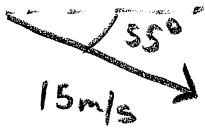


Kinematics Worksheet

①



$$v_x = 15 \cos 55 = 8.6 \text{ m/s}$$

②

$$\frac{x}{v_x = 28 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$a_x = 0$$

$$d_x = 19.6 \text{ m}$$

$$t =$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$t = \frac{d}{v_i} = \frac{19.6}{28} = 0.7$$

$$\frac{y}{v_y = 0}$$

$$a_y = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$d_y = ?$$

$$t =$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$d_y = \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) (0.7)^2$$

$$d_y = -2.4 \text{ m}$$

∴ The ball was 2.4 m above the court.

3

$$\begin{array}{c} x \\ v_x = 670 \text{ m/s} \end{array}$$

$$a = 0$$

$$d_x = ?$$

$$t =$$

$$d_x = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$= 670(.07)$$

$$d_x = 48 \text{ m}$$

y

$$v_y = 0$$

$$a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$d_y = -0.025 \text{ m}$$

$$t =$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2d}{a}} = \sqrt{\frac{2(-.025)}{-9.8}} = 0.07$$

4

$$\begin{array}{c} x \\ v_x = 30.3 \cos 45 \end{array}$$

$$a = 0$$

$$d_x = ?$$

$$t =$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$d = (30.3 \cos 45) 4.37$$

$$d = 93.6 \text{ m}$$

y

$$v_y = 30.3 \sin 45$$

$$a_y = -9.8$$

$$d_y = 0$$

$$t =$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$t = \frac{-2v_i}{a} = \frac{-2(30.3 \sin 45)}{-9.8}$$

$$t = 4.37 \text{ s}$$

⑤

$$\frac{x}{v_x = 10 \cos 31}$$

$$a = 0$$

$$d_x = ?$$

$$t =$$

$$\frac{y}{v_y = 10 \sin 31}$$

$$a = -9.8$$

$$d_y = 0$$

$$t =$$

$$0 = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$t = \frac{-2v_i}{a} = \frac{-2(10 \sin 31)}{-9.8}$$

$$t = \underline{1.05 \text{ s}}$$

⑥

(a) at highest point $v_y = 0$

$$\frac{y}{v_i = 6.6 \sin 58 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$v_f = 0$$

$$a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$d = ?$$

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2ad$$

$$d = \frac{-v_i^2}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{-(6.6 \sin 58)^2}{2(-9.8)}$$

$$d = 1.598$$

The skateboarder is $1.2 + 1.598 = 2.8 \text{ m}$
above the ground.

6 (b) x

$$v = 6.6 \cos 58 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = 0$$

$$d = ?$$

$$t =$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$d = (6.6 \cos 58)(.571)$$

$$d = \underline{2.0 \text{ m}}$$

y

$$v_i = 6.6 \sin 58 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_f = 0 \text{ (at highest point)}$$

$$a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$t =$$

$$v_f = v_i + a t$$

$$t = \frac{-v_i}{a} = \frac{-6.6 \sin 58}{-9.8}$$

$$t = 0.571 \text{ s}$$

7 y

$$v_i = 0.870 \sin 35 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$d = ?$$

$$t = 0.077 \text{ s}$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$= (.870 \sin 35)(.077) + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)(.077)^2$$

$$= 9.37 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

$$d = \underline{9.37 \text{ mm}}$$

8

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{x} \\ v_i &= 53 \text{ m/s} \\ a &= 0 \\ d &= ? \\ t &= \end{aligned}$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$= 53(0.639)$$

$$d = 33.86$$

The maximum value for D is 34 m.

y

$$\begin{aligned} v_i &= 0 \\ a &= -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ d &= -2 \text{ m} \\ t &= \end{aligned}$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2d}{a}} = \sqrt{\frac{2(-2)}{-9.8}} = 0.639 \text{ s}$$

9

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{x} \\ v_i &= 41 \text{ m/s} \\ a &= 0 \\ d &= 17 \text{ m} \\ t &= \end{aligned}$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$t = \frac{d}{v_i} = \frac{17}{41}$$

$$t = 0.415 \text{ s}$$

∴ The ball drops 0.818 m

y

$$\begin{aligned} v_i &= 0 \\ a &= -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ d &= ? \\ t &= \end{aligned}$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) (0.415)^2$$

$$= -0.818$$

10

$$\frac{x}{v_i = v \cos 30}$$

$$d = 183$$

$$t = ?$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$t = \frac{d}{v_i} = \frac{183}{v \cos 30}$$

$$-v_i t = \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$\text{equal } t = \frac{-2v_i}{a} = \frac{-2v \sin 30}{-9.8}$$

$$\frac{183}{v \cos 30} = \frac{2v \sin 30}{9.8}$$

$$183(9.8) = 2v^2 \sin 30 \cos 30$$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{183(9.8)}{2 \sin 30 \cos 30}}$$

$$v = 45.5 \text{ m/s.}$$

NOTE: An extremely fast baseball pitch is $\sim 41 \text{ m/s}$.

y

$$v_i = v \sin 30$$

$$a = -9.8$$

$$d = 0$$

$$t = ?$$

$$0 = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

11

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{x} \\ v_i &= 75 \cos 60 \text{ m/s} \\ a &= 0 \\ d &= 27 \text{ m} \\ t &= ? \end{aligned}$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$t = \frac{d}{v_i} = \frac{27}{75 \cos 60}$$

$$t = 0.72 \text{ s}$$

y

$$\begin{aligned} v_i &= 75 \sin 60 \text{ m/s} \\ a &= -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ d &= ? \\ t &= \end{aligned}$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$= 75 \sin 60 (0.72) + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) (0.72)^2$$

$$d = 44.23 \text{ m}$$

The projectile clears the wall by

$$44.23 - 11 = \underline{33.2 \text{ m}}$$

12

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{x} \\ v_i &= 97.5 \cos 50 \text{ m/s} \\ a &= 0 \\ d &= ? \\ t &= \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \\ &= 97.5 \cos 50 (22.03) \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{d = 1380 \text{ m}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{y} \\ v_i &= 97.5 \sin 50 \text{ m/s} \\ a &= -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ d &= -732 \text{ m} \\ t &= ? \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \\ -732 &= 97.5 \sin 50 t + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) t^2 \\ 4.9 t^2 - 74.69 t - 732 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$t = \frac{-(-74.69) \pm \sqrt{(-74.69)^2 - 4(4.9)(-732)}}{2(4.9)}$$

$$t = 22.03 \text{ s}$$

13

Tomato

$$\frac{y}{v_i = 11 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$d = 0$$

$$t = ?$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$t = \frac{-2v_i}{a} = \frac{-2(11)}{-9.8} = 2.24 \text{ s}$$

Car

$$v_i = 25 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = 0$$

$$d = ?$$

$$t = 2.24 \text{ s}$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$= (25)(2.24)$$

$$d = \underline{56 \text{ m}}$$

14

$$\frac{x}{v_i = ?}$$

$$a = 0$$

$$d = 7.0 \text{ m}$$

$$t = 1.1 \text{ s}$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$v_i = \frac{d}{t} = \frac{7.0}{1.1} = \underline{6.4 \text{ m/s}}$$

(15)

X

$$v_i = 31 \cos 33 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = 0$$

$$d = ?$$

$$t =$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$= 31 \cos 33 (3.61)$$

$$\underline{d = 94 \text{ m}}$$

Y

$$v_i = 31 \sin 33 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$d = 3 \text{ m}$$

$$t =$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

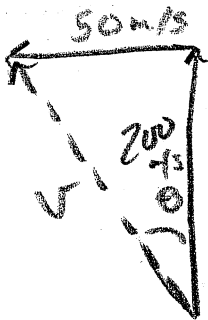
$$3 = 31 \sin 33 t + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) t^2$$

$$4.9 t^2 - 16.88 t + 3 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{-(-16.88) \pm \sqrt{(-16.88)^2 + 4(4.9)(3)}}{2(4.9)}$$

$$t = 3.61 \text{ s}$$

(16)

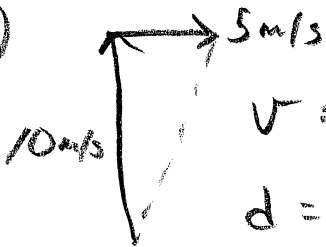


$$V = \sqrt{200^2 + 50^2} = 206 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{50}{200}\right) = 14^\circ$$

206 m/s 14° West of North

(17)



$$V = \sqrt{10^2 + 5^2} = 11.18 \text{ m/s}$$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$t = \frac{d}{V} = \frac{16000}{11.18} = \underline{1435} = 2.4 \text{ minutes}$$

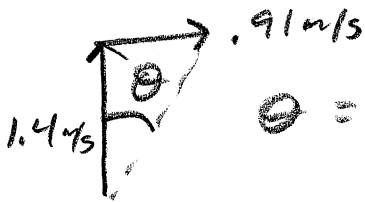
(18)

$$\begin{array}{c} 30 \text{ km/h} \quad 6 \text{ km/h} \\ \longrightarrow \longrightarrow \\ v = 36 \text{ km/h} \end{array}$$

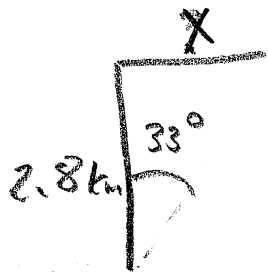
$$d = vt$$

$$t = \frac{d}{v} = \frac{12}{36} = 0.33 \text{ hours} = \underline{20 \text{ minutes}}$$

(19)



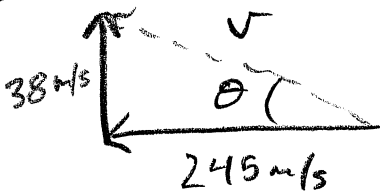
$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{0.91}{1.4}\right) = 33^\circ$$



$$\tan 33 = \frac{x}{2.8}$$

$$x = 2.8 \tan 33 = \underline{1.8 \text{ km}}$$

(20)



$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{38}{245}\right) = 8.8^\circ \text{ North of West}$$

\therefore The plane should head 8.8° South of West